Neural Network Toolbox™ Release Notes

How to Contact The MathWorks

	www.mathworks.com	Web
	comp.soft-sys.matlab	Newsgroup
@	support@mathworks.com	Technical support
	suggest@mathworks.com	Product enhancement suggestions
	bugs@mathworks.com	Bug reports
	doc@mathworks.com	Documentation error reports
	service@mathworks.com	Order status, license renewals, passcodes
	info@mathworks.com	Sales, pricing, and general information
☎	508-647-7000	Phone
	508-647-7001	Fax
✉	The MathWorks, Inc.	Mail
	3 Apple Hill Drive	
	Natick, MA 01760-2098	

For contact information about worldwide offices, see the MathWorks Web site.

Neural Network Toolbox™ Release Notes

Trademarks

Patents

Contents

Summary by Version

This table provides quick access to what's new in each version. For clarification, see Using Release Notes.

Version (Release)	New Features and Changes	Version Compatibility Considerations	Fixed Bugs and Known Problems	Related Documentation at Web Site
Latest Version V6.0.4 (R2010a)	No	No	Bug Reports Includes fixes	Printable Release Notes: PDF Current product documentation
V6.0.3 (R2009b)	No	No	Bug Reports Includes fixes	None
V6.0.2 (R2009a)	No	No	Bug Reports Includes fixes	None
V6.0.1 (R2008b)	No	No	Bug Reports Includes fixes	None
V6.0 (R2008a)	Yes Details	Yes Summary	Bug Reports Includes fixes	None
V5.1 (R2007b)	Yes Details	Yes Summary	Bug Reports Includes fixes	None
V5.0.2 (R2007a)	No	No	Bug Reports	None
V5.0.1 (R2006b)	No	No	Bug Reports	None
V5.0 (R2006a)	Yes Details	Yes Summary	Bug Reports	None
V4.0.6 (R14SP3)	No	No	Bug Reports	None

Using Release Notes

Use release notes when upgrading to a newer version to learn about:

- New features
- Changes
- Potential impact on your existing files and practices

Review the release notes for other MathWorks™ products required for this product (for example, MATLAB® or Simulink®) for enhancements, bugs, and compatibility considerations that also might impact you.

If you are upgrading from a software version other than the most recent one, review the release notes for all interim versions, not just for the version you are installing. For example, when upgrading from V1.0 to V1.2, review the release notes for V1.1 and V1.2.

What's in the Release Notes

New Features and Changes

- New functionality
- Changes to existing functionality

Version Compatibility Considerations

When a new feature or change introduces a reported incompatibility between versions, the **Compatibility Considerations** subsection explains the impact.

Compatibility issues reported after the product is released appear under Bug Reports at the MathWorks Web site. Bug fixes can sometimes result in incompatibilities, so you should also review fixed bugs in Bug Reports for any compatibility impact.

Fixed Bugs and Known Problems

The MathWorks offers a user-searchable database so you can view Bug Reports. The development team updates this database at release time and as more information becomes available. This includes provisions for any known workarounds or file replacements. Information is available for bugs existing in or fixed in Release 14SP2 or later. Information is not available for all bugs in earlier releases.

Access Bug Reports using your MathWorks Account.

Version 6.0.4 (R2010a) Neural Network Toolbox™ Software

This table summarizes what's new in Version 6.0.4 (R2010a).

New Features and Changes	Version Compatibility Considerations	Fixed Bugs and Known Problems	Related Documentation at Web Site
No	No	Bug Reports Includes fixes	Printable Release Notes: PDF Current product documentation

There are no new features or changes in this version.

Version 6.0.3 (R2009b) Neural Network Toolbox™ Software

This table summarizes what's new in Version 6.0.3 (R2009b).

New Features and Changes	Version Compatibility Considerations	Fixed Bugs and Known Problems	Related Documentation at Web Site
No	No	Bug Reports Includes fixes	None

There are no new features or changes in this version.

Version 6.0.2 (R2009a) Neural Network Toolbox™ Software

This table summarizes what's new in Version 6.0.2 (R2009a).

New Features and Changes	Version Compatibility Considerations	Fixed Bugs and Known Problems	Related Documentation at Web Site
No	No	Bug Reports Includes fixes	None

There are no new features or changes in this version.

Version 6.0.1 (R2008b) Neural Network Toolbox™ Software

This table summarizes what's new in Version 6.0.1 (R2008b).

New Features and Changes	Version Compatibility Considerations	Fixed Bugs and Known Problems	Related Documentation at Web Site
No	No	Bug Reports Includes fixes	None

There are no new features or changes in this version.

Version 6.0 (R2008a) Neural Network Toolbox™ Software

This table summarizes what's new in Version 6.0 (R2008a):

New Features and Changes	Version Compatibility Considerations	Fixed Bugs and Known Problems	Related Documentation at Web Site
Yes Details below	Yes—Details labeled as **Compatibility Considerations**, below. See also Summary.	Bug Reports Includes fixes	None

New features and changes introduced in this version are:

- "New Training GUI with Animated Plotting Functions" on page 7
- "New Pattern Recognition Network, Plotting, and Analysis GUI" on page 8
- "New Clustering Training, Initialization, and Plotting GUI" on page 8
- "New Network Diagram Viewer and Improved Diagram Look" on page 9
- "New Fitting Network, Plots and Updated Fitting GUI" on page 9

New Training GUI with Animated Plotting Functions

Training networks with the `train` function now automatically opens a window that shows the network diagram, training algorithm names, and training status information.

The window also includes buttons for plots associated with the network being trained. These buttons launch the plots during or after training. If the plots are open during training, they update every epoch, resulting in animations that make understanding network performance much easier.

The training window can be opened and closed at the command line as follows:

```
nntraintool
nntraintool('close')
```

Two plotting functions associated with the most networks are:

- `plotperform`—Plot performance.
- `plottrainstate`—Plot training state.

Compatibility Considerations

To turn off the new training window and display command-line output (which was the default display in previous versions), use these two training parameters:

```
net.trainParam.showWindow = false;
net.trainParam.showCommandLine = true;
```

New Pattern Recognition Network, Plotting, and Analysis GUI

The `nprtool` function opens a GUI wizard that guides you to a neural network solution for pattern recognition problems. Users can define their own problems or use one of the new data sets provided.

The `newpr` function creates a pattern recognition network at the command line. Pattern recognition networks are feed-forward networks that solve problems with Boolean or 1-of-*N* targets and have confusion (`plotconfusion`) and receiver operating characteristic (`plotroc`) plots associated with them.

The new `confusion` function calculates the true/false, positive/negative results from comparing network output classification with target classes.

New Clustering Training, Initialization, and Plotting GUI

The `nctool` function opens a GUI wizard that guides you to a self-organizing map solution for clustering problems. Users can define their own problem or use one of the new data sets provided.

The `initsompc` function initializes the weights of self-organizing map layers to accelerate training. The `learnsomb` function implements batch training of SOMs that is orders of magnitude faster than incremental training. The `newsom` function now creates a SOM network using these faster algorithms.

Several new plotting functions are associated with self-organizing maps:

- `plotsomhits`—Plot self-organizing map input hits.
- `plotsomnc`—Plot self-organizing map neighbor connections.

8

- `plotsomnd`—Plot self-organizing map neighbor distances.
- `plotsomplanes`—Plot self-organizing map input weight planes.
- `plotsompos`—Plot self-organizing map weight positions.
- `plotsomtop`—Plot self-organizing map topology.

Compatibility Considerations

You can call the `newsom` function using conventions from earlier versions of the toolbox, but using its new calling conventions gives you faster results.

New Network Diagram Viewer and Improved Diagram Look

The new neural network diagrams support arbitrarily connected network architectures and have an improved layout. Their visual clarity has been improved with color and shading.

Network diagrams appear in all the Neural Network Toolbox graphical interfaces. In addition, you can open a network diagram viewer of any network from the command line by typing

```
view(net)
```

New Fitting Network, Plots and Updated Fitting GUI

The `newfit` function creates a fitting network that consists of a feed-forward backpropagation network with the fitting plot (`plotfit`) associated with it.

The `nftool` wizard has been updated to use `newfit`, for simpler operation, to include the new network diagrams, and to include sample data sets. It now allows a Simulink® block version of the trained network to be generated from the final results panel.

Compatibility Considerations

The code generated by `nftool` is different the code generated in previous versions. However, the code generated by earlier versions still operates correctly.

Version 5.1 (R2007b) Neural Network Toolbox™ Software

This table summarizes what's new in Version 5.1 (R2007b):

New Features and Changes	Version Compatibility Considerations	Fixed Bugs and Known Problems	Related Documentation at Web Site
Yes Details below	Yes—Details labeled as **Compatibility Considerations**, below. See also Summary.	Bug Reports Includes fixes	None

New features and changes introduced in this version are:

- "Simplified Syntax for Network-Creation Functions" on page 10
- "Automated Data Preprocessing and Postprocessing During Network Creation" on page 11
- "Automated Data Division During Network Creation" on page 14
- "New Simulink Blocks for Data Preprocessing" on page 16
- "Properties for Targets Now Defined by Properties for Outputs" on page 16

Simplified Syntax for Network-Creation Functions

The following network-creation functions have new input arguments to simplify the network creation process:

- `newcf`
- `newff`
- `newdtdnn`
- `newelm`
- `newfftd`
- `newlin`
- `newlrn`
- `newnarx`
- `newnarxsp`

For detailed information about each function, see the corresponding reference pages.

Changes to the syntax of network-creation functions have the following benefits:

- You can now specify input and target data values directly. In the previous release, you specified input ranges and the size of the output layer instead.
- The new syntax automates preprocessing, data division, and postprocessing of data.

For example, to create a two-layer feed-forward network with 20 neurons in its hidden layer for a given a matrix of input vectors p and target vectors t, you can now use newff with the following arguments:

```
net = newff(p,t,20);
```

This command also sets properties of the network such that the functions sim and train automatically preprocess inputs and targets, and postprocess outputs.

In the previous release, you had to use the following three commands to create the same network:

```
pr = minmax(p);
s2 = size(t,1);
net = newff(pr,[20 s2]);
```

Compatibility Considerations
Your existing code still works but might produce a warning that you are using obsolete syntax.

Automated Data Preprocessing and Postprocessing During Network Creation

Automated data preprocessing and postprocessing occur during network creation in the Network/Data Manager GUI, Neural Network Fitting Tool GUI, and at the command line.

At the command line, the new syntax for using network-creation functions, automates preprocessing, postprocessing, and data-division operations.

For example, the following code returns a network that automatically preprocesses the inputs and targets and postprocesses the outputs:

```
net = newff(p,t,20);
net = train(net,p,t);
y = sim(net,p);
```

To create the same network in a previous release, you used the following longer code:

```
[p1,ps1] = removeconstantrows(p);
[p2,ps2] = mapminmax(p1);
[t1,ts1] = mapminmax(t);
pr = minmax(p2);
s2 = size(t1,1);
net = newff(pr,[20 s2]);
net = train(net,p2,t1);
y1 = sim(net,p2)
y = mapminmax('reverse',y1,ts1);
```

Default Processing Settings

The default input processFcns functions returned with a new network are, as follows:

```
net.inputs{1}.processFcns = ...
                {'fixunknowns','removeconstantrows', 'mapminmax'}
```

These three processing functions perform the following operations, respectively:

- fixunknowns—Encode unknown or missing values (represented by NaN) using numerical values that the network can accept.
- removeconstantrows—Remove rows that have constant values across all samples.
- mapminmax—Map the minimum and maximum values of each row to the interval [-1 1].

The elements of processParams are set to the default values of the fixunknowns, removeconstantrows, and mapminmax functions.

The default output processFcns functions returned with a new network include the following:

```
net.outputs{2}.processFcns = {'removeconstantrows','mapminmax'}
```

These defaults process outputs by removing rows with constant values across all samples and mapping the values to the interval [-1 1].

`sim` and `train` automatically process inputs and targets using the input and output processing functions, respectively. `sim` and `train` also reverse-process network outputs as specified by the output processing functions.

For more information about processing input, target, and output data, see "Backpropagation" in the Neural Network Toolbox™ User's Guide documentation.

Changing Default Input Processing Functions

You can change the default processing functions either by specifying optional processing function arguments with the network-creation function, or by changing the value of `processFcns` after creating your network.

You can also modify the default parameters for each processing function by changing the elements of the `processParams` properties.

After you create a network object (`net`), you can use the following input properties to view and modify the automatic processing settings:

- `net.inputs{1}.exampleInput`—Matrix of example input vectors
- `net.inputs{1}.processFcns`—Cell array of processing function names
- `net.inputs{1}.processParams`—Cell array of processing parameters

The following input properties are automatically set and you cannot change them:

- `net.inputs{1}.processSettings`—Cell array of processing settings
- `net.inputs{1}.processedRange`—Ranges of example input vectors after processing
- `net.inputs{1}.processedSize`—Number of input elements after processing

Changing Default Output Processing Functions

After you create a network object (`net`), you can use the following output properties to view and modify the automatic processing settings:

- `net.outputs{2}.exampleOutput`—Matrix of example output vectors
- `net.outputs{2}.processFcns`—Cell array of processing function names
- `net.outputs{2}.processParams`—Cell array of processing parameters

Note These output properties require a network that has the output layer as the second layer.

The following new output properties are automatically set and you cannot change them:

- `net.outputs{2}.processSettings`—Cell array of processing settings
- `net.outputs{2}.processedRange`—Ranges of example output vectors after processing
- `net.outputs{2}.processedSize`—Number of input elements after processing

Automated Data Division During Network Creation

When training with supervised training functions, such as the Levenberg-Marquardt backpropagation (the default for feed-forward networks), you can supply three sets of input and target data. The first data set trains the network, the second data set stops training when generalization begins to suffer, and the third data set provides an independent measure of network performance.

Automated data division occurs during network creation in the Network/Data Manager GUI, Neural Network Fitting Tool GUI, and at the command line.

At the command line, to create and train a network with early stopping that uses 20% of samples for validation and 20% for testing, you can use the following code:

```
net = newff(p,t,20);
net = train(net,p,t);
```

Previously, you entered the following code to accomplish the same result:

```
pr = minmax(p);
s2 = size(t,1);
```

```
net = newff(pr,[20 s2]);
[trainV,validateV,testV] = dividevec(p,t,0.2,0.2);
[net,tr] = train(net,trainV.P,trainV.T,[],[],validateV,testV);
```

For more information about data division, see "Backpropagation" in the Neural
Network Toolbox™ User's Guide documentation.

New Data Division Functions

The following are new data division functions:

- dividerand—Divide vectors using random indices.
- divideblock—Divide vectors in three blocks of indices.
- divideint—Divide vectors with interleaved indices.
- divideind—Divide vectors according to supplied indices.

Default Data Division Settings

Network creation functions return the following default data division
properties:

- net.divideFcn = 'dividerand'
- net.divedeParam.trainRatio = 0.6;
- net.divideParam.valRatio = 0.2;
- net.divideParam.testRatio = 0.2;

Calling train on the network object net divided the set of input and target
vectors into three sets, such that 60% of the vectors are used for training, 20%
for validation, and 20% for independent testing.

Changing Default Data Division Settings

You can override default data division settings by either supplying the optional
data division argument for a network-creation function, or by changing the
corresponding property values after creating the network.

After creating a network, you can view and modify the data division behavior
using the following new network properties:

- net.divideFcn - Name of the division function
- net.divideParam - Parameters for the division function

New Simulink Blocks for Data Preprocessing

New blocks for data processing and reverse processing are available. For more information, see the description of processing blocks.

The function gensim now generates neural networks in Simulink® that use the new processing blocks.

Properties for Targets Now Defined by Properties for Outputs

The properties for targets are now defined by the properties for outputs. Use the following properties to get and set the output and target properties of your network:

- net.numOutputs—The number of outputs and targets
- net.outputConnect—Indicates which layers have outputs and targets
- net.outputs—Cell array of output subobjects defining each output and its target

Compatibility Considerations

Several properties are now obsolete, as described in the following table. Use the new properties instead.

Recommended Property	Obsolete Property
net.numOutputs	net.numTargets
net.outputConnect	net.targetConnect
net.outputs	net.targets

Version 5.0.2 (R2007a) Neural Network Toolbox™ Software

This table summarizes what's new in Version 5.0.2 (R2007a):

New Features and Changes	Version Compatibility Considerations	Fixed Bugs and Known Problems	Related Documentation at Web Site
No	No	Bug Reports	None

There are no new features or changes in this version.

Version 5.0.1 (R2006b) Neural Network Toolbox™ Software

This table summarizes what's new in Version 5.0.1 (R2006b):

New Features and Changes	Version Compatibility Considerations	Fixed Bugs and Known Problems	Related Documentation at Web Site
No	No	Bug Reports	None

There are no new features or changes in this version.

Version 5.0 (R2006a) Neural Network Toolbox™ Software

This table summarizes what's new in Version 5.0 (R2006a):

New Features and Changes	Version Compatibility Considerations	Fixed Bugs and Known Problems	Related Documentation at Web Site
Yes Details below	Yes—Details labeled as **Compatibility Considerations**, below. See also Summary.	Bug Reports	None

New features and changes introduced in this version are

- "Dynamic Neural Networks" on page 19
- "Wizard for Fitting Data" on page 20
- "Data Preprocessing and Postprocessing" on page 20
- "Derivative Functions Are Obsolete" on page 21

Dynamic Neural Networks

Version 5.0 now supports these types of dynamic neural networks:

Time-Delay Neural Network

Both focused and distributed time-delay neural networks are now supported. Continue to use the newfftd function to create focused time-delay neural networks. To create distributed time-delay neural networks, use the newdtdnn function.

Nonlinear Autoregressive Network (NARX)

To create parallel NARX configurations, use the newnarx function. To create series-parallel NARX networks, use the newnarxsp function. The sp2narx function lets you convert NARX networks from series-parallel to parallel configuration, which is useful for training.

Layer Recurrent Network (LRN)

Use the `newlrn` function to create LRN networks. LRN networks are useful for solving some of the more difficult problems in filtering and modeling applications.

Custom Networks

The training functions in Neural Network Toolbox are enhanced to let you train arbitrary custom dynamic networks that model complex dynamic systems. For more information about working with these networks, see the Neural Network Toolbox™ documentation.

Wizard for Fitting Data

The new Neural Network Fitting Tool is now available to fit your data using a neural network. The Neural Network Fitting Tool is designed as a wizard and walks you through the data-fitting process step by step.

To open the Neural Network Fitting Tool, type the following at the MATLAB® prompt:

```
nftool
```

Data Preprocessing and Postprocessing

Version 5.0 provides the following new data preprocessing and postprocessing functionality:

dividevec Automatically Splits Data

The `dividevec` function facilitates dividing your data into three distinct sets to be used for training, cross validation, and testing, respectively. Previously, you had to split the data manually.

fixunknowns Encodes Missing Data

The `fixunknowns` function encodes missing values in your data so that they can be processed in a meaningful and consistent way during network training. To reverse this preprocessing operation and return the data to its original state, call `fixunknowns` again with `'reverse'` as the first argument.

removeconstantrows Handles Constant Values

`removeconstantrows` is a new helper function that processes matrices by removing rows with constant values.

mapminmax, mapstd, and processpca Are New

The `mapminmax`, `mapstd`, and `processpca` functions are new and perform data preprocessing and postprocessing operations.

Compatibility Considerations. Several functions are now obsolete, as described in the following table. Use the new functions instead.

New Function	Obsolete Functions
mapminmax	premnmx postmnmx tramnmx
mapstd	prestd poststd trastd
processpca	prepca trapca

Each new function is more efficient than its obsolete predecessors because it accomplishes both preprocessing and postprocessing of the data. For example, previously you used `premnmx` to process a matrix, and then `postmnmx` to return the data to its original state. In this release, you accomplish both operations using `mapminmax`; to return the data to its original state, you call `mapminmax` again with `'reverse'` as the first argument:

```
mapminmax('reverse',Y,PS)
```

Derivative Functions Are Obsolete

The following derivative functions are now obsolete:

```
ddotprod
dhardlim
dhardlms
dlogsig
```

```
dmae
dmse
dmsereg
dnetprod
dnetsum
dposlin
dpurelin
dradbas
dsatlin
dsatlins
dsse
dtansig
dtribas
```

Each derivative function is named by prefixing a `d` to the corresponding function name. For example, `sse` calculates the network performance function and `dsse` calculated the derivative of the network performance function.

Compatibility Considerations

To calculate a derivative in this version, you must pass a derivative argument to the function. For example, to calculate the derivative of a hyperbolic tangent sigmoid transfer function `A` with respect to `N`, use this syntax:

```
A = tansig(N,FP)
dA_dN = tansig('dn',N,A,FP)
```

Here, the argument `'dn'` requests the derivative to be calculated.

Version 4.0.6 (R14SP3) Neural Network Toolbox™ Software

This table summarizes what's new in Version 4.0.6 (R14SP3):

New Features and Changes	Version Compatibility Considerations	Fixed Bugs and Known Problems	Related Documentation at Web Site
No	No	Bug Reports	None

There are no new features or changes in this version.

Compatibility Summary for Neural Network Toolbox™ Software

This table summarizes new features and changes that might cause incompatibilities when you upgrade from an earlier version, or when you use files on multiple versions. Details are provided with the description of the new feature or change.

Version (Release)	New Features and Changes with Version Compatibility Impact
Latest Version V6.0.4 (R2010a)	None
V6.0.3 (R2009b)	None
V6.0.2 (R2009a)	None
V6.0.1 (R2008b)	None
V6.0 (R2008a)	See the **Compatibility Considerations** subheading for this new feature or change: • "New Training GUI with Animated Plotting Functions" on page 7 • "New Clustering Training, Initialization, and Plotting GUI" on page 8 • "New Fitting Network, Plots and Updated Fitting GUI" on page 9
V5.1 (R2007b)	See the **Compatibility Considerations** subheading for this new feature or change: • "Simplified Syntax for Network-Creation Functions" on page 10 • "Properties for Targets Now Defined by Properties for Outputs" on page 16
V5.0.2 (R2007a)	None

V5.0.1 (R2006b)	None
V5.0 (R2006a)	See the **Compatibility Considerations** subheading for this new feature or change: • "mapminmax, mapstd, and processpca Are New" on page 21 • "Derivative Functions Are Obsolete" on page 21
V4.0.6 (R14SP3)	None